## Ch. 3. THE EQUATIONS OF CHANGE ISOTHER MAL SYSTEMS FOR

Kekekalan Momentum ? Unsteady state lebih dari 1 dimensi Massa Energi

ELEMEN volume -> personaan -> PD \_\_\_\_ JAWABAN

Persomoon Umum -> disederhanakan (Table) sesuai problem

\* Biasanya banyak sukunya

Bisusun alm koordinat . Cartesian - Silindris

- Spheris (Bola)

· PD Umum meliputi : - pers. Kontinyuitas - pers. Energi Mekanik - pers. Shear Stress - pers. Gerak

1. Partial time derivative : DE

ilustrasi : perhitungan jumlah ikan dim sungai pd berbagai saat, pengamat berdiri pd posisi yg tetap

2. Total time derivative :

 $\frac{dC}{dt} = \frac{\partial C}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial C}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial C}{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dt} + \frac{\partial C}{\partial z} \frac{dz}{dt}$ 

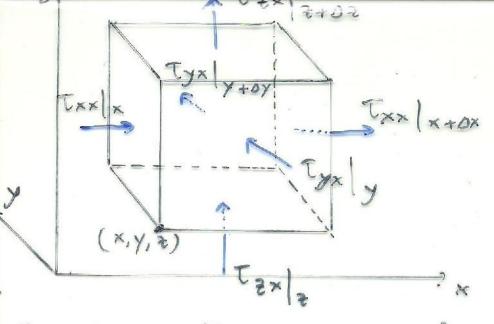
ilustrasi : perhit. jul ikan dim sungai på berbagai waktu agn posisi pengamat berubah sembarang (pd motor boat)

dix, dy dan die -> komp. kec. pengamat

3. Substantial time derivative  $\frac{DC}{Dt} = \frac{\partial C}{\partial t} + \frac{J}{x} \frac{\partial C}{\partial x} + \frac{J}{y} \frac{\partial C}{\partial y} + \frac{J}{z} \frac{\partial C}{\partial z}$ ilustrasi = pengamat burgerak mengikuti kec arus sungai (sampan / kano)

## J. PERS. KONTINYVITAS

Dikembangkan dari Neraca Massa pol elemen Volume DXDYDZ. ZA (X+0x, Y+0Y, 2+02) CPVx) X+DX (x,y,2) Nerses massa pol elemen Volume ; Ox DYDE DO = DYDE [CDVx] x - (DVx) x+Dx] + DXDZ [CpVy] = (pVy) ] + DY] + 0×07 [(pV2)]2 = (pV2) 2+02] Rim  $= - \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \rho v_x \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \rho v_y \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( \rho v_z \right) \right)$ of to 5 pers. Kontinguitas dgn simbol vektor:  $\frac{\partial \rho}{\partial t} = -(\nabla \cdot \rho v)$ Untuk ptetap incompressible fluid.: 0 = dux + dvy + dvz Sistem koordinat lain lihat tabel 3.4.1 It. Pers. Gerak Dikembangkan dari Neraca Momentum na elemen volume : Dr. Dy, DZ frate of momentum  $f = \{momentum\} - \{momentum\} + \{forces \\ out \}$ system |



- 0×

the Net convective x-momentum flow into the el. volume is by DZ ( pux vx )x - pux vx (x+Dx) + DXDZ ( puy vx )x - puy vx (y+Dy) + DXDY ( puz vx )z = puz vx (z+DZ)

The flux of x-momentum through a face perpendicular to the y. axis = Tyx .... dst.

Total gayazyg bekerja arah x (gravitali & tekanan) oyoxoz.pgx + oyoz (PIX - Plx+ax) accumulation: sxoyoz (2(pux)/d+)

Ogn membagi selvruh suku ogn orøyez dan ambil limit sk, og. oz ->0 maka:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \rho U_{x} = -\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \rho U_{x} V_{x} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \rho U_{y} V_{x} + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \rho U_{z} U_{x}\right)$$

$$-\frac{\partial P}{\partial x} + \rho g_{x} = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} T_{xx} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} T_{yx} + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} T_{zx}\right)$$
Untuk komponen y:  

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \rho V_{y} = -\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \rho V_{x} U_{y} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \rho U_{y} U_{y} + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \rho U_{z} U_{y}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} T_{xx} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \rho U_{y} U_{y} + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \rho U_{z} U_{y}\right)$$

- by TPy